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APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)
FOR VOLUNTARY USE

10-10-11

EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITY

NON-REALTY ITEMS ADDENDUM

TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

24406 Glen Loch Drive, Spring, TX 77380
(Address of Property)

A. For an additional sum of $0.00 and other and good valuable consideration, Seller shall convey to Buyer at closing the following personal property (specify each item carefully, include description, model numbers, serial numbers, location, and other information):

Washer and Dryer in Utility Room
Refrigerator in Kitchen

B. Seller represents and warrants that Seller owns the personal property described in Paragraph A free and clear of all encumbrances.

C. Seller does not warrant or guarantee the condition or future performance of the personal property conveyed by this document.

	Noe Galaviz
Buyer	Seller
	Sacha Galaviz
Buyer	Seller

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for voluntary use by its licensees. Copies of TREC rules governing real estate brokers, salesperson and real estate inspectors are available at nominal cost from TREC. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov).

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TEXAS REALTORS

INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 24406 Glen Loch Drive, Spring, TX 77380

A. FLOOD AREAS:

(1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.

(2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area is designated on flood insurance rate maps with a zone beginning in a “V" or “A". Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas indicate a high risk of flooding.

(3) Some properties may also lie in the “floodway” which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

(1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.

(2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.

(3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.

(4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

(1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.

(2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:

(a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.

(b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.

(3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.

(a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

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(b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.

(c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.

(4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:

(a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters:

(b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and

(c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

D. COMPLIANCE:

(1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.

(2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.

(3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.

(4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.

(5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.

(a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.

(b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.

(c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

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E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.

Receipt acknowledged by:

Noe Galaviz	11/20/2026	Sacha Galaviz	11/20/2026
Signature	Date	Signature	Date

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PROMULGATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC)

SELLER'S DISCLOSURE ABOUT GROUNDWATER AND SURFACE WATER RIGHTS

THIS NOTICE IS A DISCLOSURE OF SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE ABOUT GROUNDWATER AND SURFACE WATER RIGHTS ON THE PROPERTY AS OF THE DATE SIGNED BY SELLER AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE BUYER MAY WISH TO OBTAIN. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENTS.

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT: 24406 Glen Loch Drive (Street Address and City) Spring

1. Definitions. For the purposes of this form the following definitions, with notes, apply.

A. "**Groundwater**" means water percolating below the surface of the earth. Groundwater is usually found in subsurface reservoirs or aquifers and is accessed by Water Wells.
[Note: Unless severed from the surface estate, Groundwater is owned by the surface landowner who may be able to access the Groundwater by drilling a Water Well in compliance with the law and rules of the applicable Groundwater District, if any.]

B. "**Groundwater District**" means a local or regional Groundwater Conservation District, Underground Water Conservation District, Subsidence District, or other special district or authority that regulates the drilling or operation of Water Wells.
[Note: Not all land in Texas is subject to a Groundwater District.]

C. "**Surface Water**" means water in lakes, rivers, creeks, streams, and in the bays, estuaries, and arms of the Gulf of Mexico.

D. "**Surface Water Rights**" means a permit, certified filing, or certificate of adjudication administered by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) that authorizes the diversion, impoundment, or use of Surface Water.
[Note: Not all diversions, impoundments, or uses of Surface Water require a Surface Water Right.]

E. "**Water Well**" means an artificial excavation that is drilled or dug for the purpose of exploring for or producing Groundwater.
[Note: The drilling and operation of a Water Well may be regulated, restricted, or prohibited in a Groundwater District. Subdividing a property may impact rights related to drilling or operating a Water Well. A Water Well may be owned and operated by individuals, groups, cooperatives, associations, or other entities.]

2. Information Related to Groundwater and Water Wells. [Attach additional sheets as necessary.]

A. Is any portion of the Property located in a Groundwater District? ☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
If yes, identify the district and its website: Lonestar Groundwater Conservation District

B. Is Seller aware of one or more Water Wells on the Property? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If yes:
(1) The total number of Water Wells known to Seller is _____
(2) The number of Water Wells known to Seller that are currently in use is _____
(3) The number of Water Wells known to Seller that are not currently in use and have been capped, covered, plugged, or abandoned is _____
(4) Identify any registrations or permits (by number) from a Groundwater District for the Water Wells on the Property: _____

C. If the answer to 2B is yes, complete the following to the extent known.

☐ (1) All Water Wells on the Property are owned or operated solely by Seller for the sole benefit of the Property.

☐ (2) The following Water Wells: (i) are owned or operated by the person identified; (ii) benefit the identified beneficiary; and (iii) are governed by the identified agreements or understandings (attach additional sheets for each Water Well):
Water Well: _____
Owners/Operators: _____
Beneficiary: _____
Agreement or Understanding: _____

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D. Is Seller aware whether the Property receives water from a Water Well located on another property (not including water from a city, municipal utility district or other special district, water supply corporation, or private water company)? ☐ Yes ☑ No If yes, describe the Water Well and identify any agreements or understandings governing access to the water:

E. Is Seller aware whether a Water Well on the Property relies in whole or in part on Groundwater rights owned or leased from land outside the boundaries of the Property? ☐ Yes ☑ No If yes, describe the Groundwater rights owned or leased:

F. Is Seller aware whether any of the Groundwater rights to the Property have been severed, sold, or leased in whole or in part with or without the right to drill or operate a Water Well on the Property? ☐ Yes ☑ No If yes, describe the Groundwater rights severed, sold, or leased:

3. Information Related to Surface Water. [Attach additional sheets as necessary.]

A. Does Seller own any Surface Water Right associated with the Property ☐ Yes ☑ No
If yes:
(1) Identify the applicable Surface Water Right by its permit, filing, or certification of adjudication number:
(2) If more than one person owns an interest in any Surface Water Right identified in 3A(1), identify each person and their respective ownership interest:

B. Is there a pond, lake, or water tank on the Property, whether currently with or without water?
☐ Yes ☑ No

Notices to Buyer and Seller:

(1) Statutes, rules, regulations, and court rulings concerning Groundwater, Water Wells, Groundwater rights, surface water, and Surface Water Rights (collectively, **Water Rights**) are multifaceted and may be complex.
(2) The Seller may not have complete knowledge or understanding of the Water Rights related to or affecting the Property.
(3) Water Rights that relate to the Property may be held by others. To determine the extent and application of Water Rights related to Property, consult an attorney who can examine the title to the Property and issues regarding Water Rights.
(4) Rules and regulations of Groundwater Districts regarding Water Wells differ from district to district and should be reviewed if the Property has an existing or potential future Water Well. Some Groundwater Districts have ad valorem taxing authority and others do not. Consult the local Appraisal District for applicable taxes and tax rates.
(5) If the parties need or intend to reserve, specifically except, or separately convey Water Rights related to the Property, each party should consult an attorney before signing a binding contract to purchase or sell the Property.

Noe Galaviz 11/20/2026	Sacha Galaviz 11/20/2026
Seller Date	Seller Date
Buyer Date	Buyer Date

TREC TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION
This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 61-0.