

APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

05-04-2026



**ADDENDUM FOR SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW**



CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 4621 Briarbend Dr. Houston  
(Street Address and City)

**A. LEAD WARNING STATEMENT:** "Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase."

**NOTICE: Inspector must be properly certified as required by federal law.**

**B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE:**

- 1. PRESENCE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS (check one box only):
  - (a) Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the Property (explain): \_\_\_\_\_
  - (b) Seller has no actual knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property.
- 2. RECORDS AND REPORTS AVAILABLE TO SELLER (check one box only):
  - (a) Seller has provided the purchaser with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property (list documents): \_\_\_\_\_
  - (b) Seller has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property.

**C. BUYER'S RIGHTS** (check one box only):

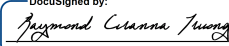
- 1. Buyer waives the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards.
- 2. Within ten days after the effective date of this contract, Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer. If lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards are present, Buyer may terminate this contract by giving Seller written notice within 14 days after the effective date of this contract, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

**D. BUYER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT** (check applicable boxes):

- 1. Buyer has received copies of all information listed above.
- 2. Buyer has received the pamphlet *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.

**E. BROKERS' ACKNOWLEDGMENT:** Brokers have informed Seller of Seller's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d to: (a) provide Buyer with the federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention; (b) complete this addendum; (c) disclose any known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (d) deliver all records and reports to Buyer pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (e) provide Buyer a period of up to 10 days to have the Property inspected; and (f) retain a completed copy of this addendum for at least 3 years following the sale. Brokers are aware of their responsibility to ensure compliance.

**F. CERTIFICATION OF ACCURACY:** The following persons have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

|                |      |  |                         |
|----------------|------|--|-------------------------|
| Buyer          | Date | <br>Selling Agent<br>Raymond Ciranna Truong<br>68A480D409  | 06/19/26   11:53 AM EDT |
| Buyer          | Date | <br>Selling Agent<br>Alexandra Ciranna Truong<br>6B004F3426 | 06/19/26   1:45 PM CDT  |
| Buyer's Broker | Date | <br>Selling Agent<br>Melissa Mims<br>68A480D409             | 06/19/26   10:48 AM CDT |



The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly approved or promulgated forms of contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>)



## INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED.  
©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc., 2021

**CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT** 4621 Briarbend Dr.  
Houston, TX 77035

### A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area is designated on flood insurance rate maps with a zone beginning in a "V" or "A". Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas indicate a high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

### B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

### C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
  - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
  - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
  - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

## Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas concerning

- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
  - (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
- (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters:
  - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
  - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

**D. COMPLIANCE:**

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
  - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
  - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
  - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

**4621 Briarbend Dr.  
Houston, TX 77035**

Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas concerning \_\_\_\_\_

**E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:**

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

**You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.**

Receipt acknowledged by:

**In Process**

DocuSigned by:  
*Raymond Ciranna Truong*  
Signature  
06/19/26 | 11:53 AM EDT  
Date  
**Raymond Truong**

Signed by:  
*Alexandra Ciranna Truong*  
Signature  
06/19/26 | 1:45 PM CDT  
Date  
**Alexandra Ciranna Truong**



## INFORMATION ABOUT PROPERTY INSURANCE FOR A BUYER OR SELLER

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED.  
©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2014

### A. The availability and the affordability of property insurance may affect both the buyer and the seller.

Typically a buyer will seek to insure the property. Most mortgage lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance at or before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end, either of which can impose both inconvenience and cost to both the buyer and the seller.

### B. There are a number of factors that affect the availability and affordability of insurance.

- (1) The level of coverage will significantly affect the cost of insurance. There are several levels of insurance coverage. For example:
  - (a) a policy may cover the replacement cost of the improvements and the replacement cost of many personal items in the property in the event of most casualties;
  - (b) a policy may cover only value of the improvements and exclude many casualties; or
  - (c) a policy may cover casualties and costs between the two noted extremes under (a) and (b).
- (2) Coverage levels and prices vary from company to company. There are many insurance companies conducting business in Texas who offer a variety of insurance products at various prices.
  - (a) One insurance company may refuse to insure a particular property or person while another insurance company may elect to do so.
  - (b) One insurance company may charge a significantly lower premium than another insurance company for the same or similar coverage.
  - (c) Generally, each insurance company has specific guidelines by which it prices its insurance policies. The following are examples of criteria that an insurance company may use in evaluating an application for insurance. The criteria vary from company to company.
    - (1) Past claims filed against the property to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
    - (2) Past claims filed by the applicant to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
    - (3) The applicant's insurance credit score.
    - (4) The past relationship between the insurance company and the applicant.
    - (5) The physical characteristics of the property such as condition, age, location, or construction materials.

### C. Most insurance companies participate in the Comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange (CLUE) and obtain a CLUE report to evaluate the claims history of the property and the applicant.

- (1) Most insurance companies contribute information about claims to an insurance industry database known as CLUE (a registered trademark of Equifax, Inc.). An insurance company obtains a CLUE report when evaluating an application for insurance.
- (2) A CLUE report contains information about the claims history of the property and of the applicant for insurance.
  - (a) The CLUE report contains only data and does not inform the buyer or seller whether insurance is or is not available or at what cost.
  - (b) Insurance companies use the CLUE report in different ways.
  - (c) It is best to speak with an insurance agent with respect to how the information in a particular CLUE report affects the affordability and availability of insurance.

Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller

- (3) While CLUE reports are generally accurate, there may be errors in the reports.
  - (a) An event may be listed as a claim even though the insurance company did not pay any proceeds (for example, the cost of repair did not exceed the deductible or an inquiry may be incorrectly classified as a claim).
  - (b) Federal law permits a person to challenge inaccurate information. One may contact the administrator of the CLUE report (Lexis-Nexis) to correct information in a CLUE report.
- (4) A property owner may, for a fee, obtain the CLUE report on his or her property through companies such as Lexis-Nexis (<https://personalreports.lexisnexis.com>, 1-866-312-9076), A-Plus (800-709-8842) or other companies, most of whose services are accessible via the Internet. An owner may also contact the Equifax Insurance Consumer Center at 800-456-6004.


**D. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property in Texas, the buyer should take the following steps to avoid delays in closing and to avoid additional costs.**

**If the buyer has the option to terminate the contract, the buyer should make sure that the buyer and the insurance agent have completed the following steps before the option expires.**

- (1) Contact one or more insurance agents.
  - (a) The buyer should discuss the various levels of coverage with an insurance agent and ask questions that are necessary so the buyer understands the levels of available coverage.
  - (b) Insurance agents can provide applicants with written summaries of the various coverage levels.
  - (c) Basic summaries are available at the websites noted in Paragraph E.
- (2) **Submit an application** for insurance with the insurance agent of the buyer's choice.
  - (a) Applying for insurance promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property helps avoid surprises or delays in closing the transaction.
  - (b) Prompt application permits the buyer time to evaluate various coverage levels and prices.
  - (c) Delaying the application for insurance may limit opportunities to obtain the most suitable coverage and may limit opportunities to address any unforeseen problems or delays in obtaining coverage.
  - (d) In recent years, many transactions have been delayed or terminated because of problems associated with obtaining insurance.
- (3) Ask for written confirmation from the insurance agent that the insurance company:
  - (a) has received the application;
  - (b) has reviewed the applicant's CLUE report; and
  - (c) has conducted all necessary reviews to issue a policy at the particular price quoted (some insurance companies may ask for specific information or may wish to inspect the property).
- (4) Verify that the insurance coverage the buyer chooses is acceptable to the buyer's lender.

**E. If one is not able to obtain insurance at a reasonable price or more information is needed, contact the Texas Department of Insurance ([www.helpinsure.com](http://www.helpinsure.com) or [www.tdi.state.tx.us](http://www.tdi.state.tx.us)).**

Receipt acknowledged by:

DocuSigned by:  
  
 Signature  
**Raymond Truong**

Signed by:  
  
 Signature  
**Alexandra Ciranna Truong**

**T-47.1 RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY DECLARATION IN LIEU OF AFFIDAVIT  
(Provided in accordance with Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code Section 132.001)**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ GF No. \_\_\_\_\_

Declarant: **Raymond M. Pena** \_\_\_\_\_

Description of Property: **LT 650 BLK 29 WILLOWBEND SEC 5** \_\_\_\_\_

County **Harris** \_\_\_\_\_, Texas

Date of Survey: **June 5, 2023** \_\_\_\_\_

"Title Company" as used herein is the Title Insurance Company whose policy of title insurance is issued in reliance upon the statements contained herein.

The undersigned declares as follows:

1. I am an owner of the Property. (Or state other basis for knowledge of the Property, such as lease, management, neighbor, etc. For example, "Declarant is the manager of the Property for the record title owners.")
2. I am familiar with the property and the improvements located on the Property.
3. I am closing a transaction requiring title insurance and the proposed insured owner or lender has requested area and boundary coverage in the title insurance policy(ies) to be issued in this transaction. I understand that the Title Company may make exceptions to the coverage of the title insurance as Title Company may deem appropriate. I understand that the owner of the property, if the current transaction is a sale, may request a similar amendment to the area and boundary coverage in the Owner's Policy of Title Insurance upon payment of the promulgated premium.
4. To the best of my actual knowledge and belief, since the Date of the Survey, there have been no:
  - a. construction projects such as new structures, additional buildings, rooms, garages, swimming pools, deckings, or other permanent improvements or fixtures;
  - b. changes in the location of boundary fences or boundary walls;
  - c. construction projects on immediately adjoining property(ies) which construction occurred on or near the boundary of the Property;
  - d. conveyances, replattings, easement grants and/or easement dedications (such as a utility line) by any party affecting the Property.

EXCEPT for the following (If None, Insert "None" Below):

**None**  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

5. I understand that Title Company is relying on the truthfulness of the statements made in this Declaration to provide the area and boundary coverage and upon the evidence of the existing real property survey of the Property. This Declaration is not made for the benefit of any other parties and does not constitute a warranty or guarantee of the location of improvements.

- 6. I understand that I have no liability to Title Company should the information in this Declaration be incorrect other than information that I personally know to be incorrect and which I do not disclose to the Title Company.
- 7. ALL STATEMENTS IN THIS DECLARATION ARE TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDERSTAND THAT ANY PERSON INTENTIONALLY MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE FOR ACTUAL AND/OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>My name is <b>Raymond Truong</b> _____.</p> <p>My date of birth is _____.</p> <p>and my address is _____</p> <p>_____.</p> <p>I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.</p> <p>Executed in _____ County, State of _____, on the _____ day of _____, _____.</p> <p>Signed:<br/>DocuSigned by:<br/><i>Raymond Ciranna Truong</i></p> <p>Declarant 409...</p> | <p>My name is <b>Alexandra Ciranna Truong</b> _____.</p> <p>My date of birth is _____.</p> <p>and my address is _____</p> <p>_____.</p> <p>I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.</p> <p>Executed in _____ County, State of _____, on the _____ day of _____, _____.</p> <p>Signed:<br/>Signed by:<br/><i>Alexandra Ciranna Truong</i></p> <p>Declarant 26...</p> |
|--|---|

In Process



### WIRE FRAUD WARNING

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®, INC. IS NOT AUTHORIZED.  
©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2026

## Consumers Beware: Criminals are targeting real estate transactions. Don't be a victim of wire fraud.

**What is wire fraud and how does it occur?** Criminals are targeting real estate transactions by gaining access to electronic communications or sending emails that appear to be from a trusted source, such as a real estate agent, title company, lender, seller, buyer, landlord, tenant, or other party involved in the transaction. These fraudulent emails seem legitimate and direct you to wire funds to a fraudulent account. Once you wire funds to the fraudulent account, your money is gone.

**How can you protect yourself from wire fraud?** You should not send personal information, such as bank account numbers or other financial information, via email or other unsecured electronic communication.

If you receive any electronic communication regarding wiring instructions, even if the communication appears to come from a legitimate source, you should verify the communication's authenticity prior to the transfer of funds in person or via phone call using a recognized phone number that is not found in the communication.

**Notice: This brokerage will never use any electronic communications, such as email, text messages, or social media messages, to ask you to wire funds or provide personal information.**

**If you think you are being targeted in a wire fraud scam, immediately notify law enforcement, your lender, the title company, and your agent.**

This form was provided by:

By signing below I acknowledge that I received, read, and understand this information and notice.

**KSP**  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Broker's Printed Name

DocuSigned by:  
*Raymond Ciranna Truong* 06/19/26 | 11:53 AM EDT  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Consumer Date

**Raymond Ciranna Truong**

Signed by:  
*Melissa Mims* 06/19/26 | 10:48 AM CDT  
\_\_\_\_\_  
By: Broker's (or Broker's Associate's) Signature Date  
**Melissa Mims**

Signed by:  
*Alexandra Ciranna Truong* 06/19/26 | 1:45 PM CDT  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Consumer Date  
**Alexandra Ciranna Truong**